The Emergency Response Network of the Great Lakes Regional Center of Excellence exists to provide aid during a bio-defense emergency related to emerging infectious diseases or an act of bioterrorism.

The GLRCE is composed of twenty-six regional institutions and is run by scientists and clinical experts in the field of infectious disease and special pathogen treatment and research. The Emergency Response Network is composed of all GLRCE investigators and administrators, as well as a Public Health Officials Network (PHON) organized within Region V.

The twenty-six members of the GLRCE include the premiere biomedical and scientific research institutions in the region, as well as their affiliated medical treatment facilities. The Emergency Response Plan (ERP) incorporates and supplements each entity’s existing bioterror or pathogen management team; working to provide resources above and beyond those available to a singular, unassisted medical unit. Additionally the GLRCE is able to provide, thanks to its geographical range, a “bird’s-eye-view” of the entire affected area.

The scope of the GLRCE is unique in that it can mobilize and coordinate assistance across a relatively vast geographic region.

The ERP is predicated on the belief that proper preparation is necessary for effective crisis response. To this end, the ERP includes both immediate biodefense emergency planning as well as preparedness training for RCE and Public Health personnel and responders.

Educational web conferences, lectures and instructional programs are aimed to provide both state-of-the-art scientific knowledge and practical aspects of effective outbreak management. Instruction for proper safety measures, diagnostics, and first-line treatment is being made available to RCE personnel as well Public Health officials entering the GLRCE network.

In the Event of a Biodefense Emergency
The University of Chicago, with its associated medical centers and advanced microbiological facilities, will become the GLRCE Emergency Command Center. The ERP Communication Tree - involving both the GLRCE and PHON - will be activated, communication lines will be opened between the Command Center and the relevant RCEs nationwide, and contact will be established with the NIH, CDC, USAMRIID, USDA, FBI, and other appropriate federal agencies.

The eight national RCEs will immediately begin gathering information from and dispensing information to on-the-scene state and local authorities. Regional laboratory and treatment facilities will be contacted, and local GLRCE experts will be notified. Nationally, the leadership of the GLRCE will aid authorities and keep the media apprised as appropriate.

Emergency Response Laboratory Resources
Built upon the backbone of the GLRCE, the Emergency Response Plan (ERP) is catalogued all immediately available RCE laboratory and institutional resources. This catalogue, which will be available to pertinent public health officials in the event of a biodefense emergency, provides the links between public health facilities and previously-inaccessible academic and scientific facilities.

Ongoing research with the spectrum of infectious agents leaves the GLRCE solidly prepared and ideally suited to handle specimens and patients during an actual biodefense emergency.

Additionally, these institutions boast the most advanced laboratory resources, capable of isolating, managing and analyzing infectious agents. Focusing upon readiness for Category A, B and C agents, the GLRCE has distinguished itself as a unique source of expertise on the national level.